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In many situations, Sec. 301 duties are being improperly assessed on foreign components used in the production of goods manufactured and substantially transformed in the United States in a U.S. foreign-trade zone (FTZ) that are not of Chinese origin or are not included on the lists of products specifically identified as being subject to Sec. 301 duties. Meanwhile, companies manufacturing in the United States outside an FTZ are assessed Sec. 301 duties only on Chinese-origin products that are on the retaliation lists.

What will the Administration do to correct this discriminatory treatment so that all U.S.-made products are subject to the same rules and treatment in the application of trade-remedies duties regardless of whether production and substantial transformation occurred in a U.S.-based factory inside or outside a U.S. foreign-trade zone?